## TS12 - Pre-Instructional Survey

Name	_ Date

- 1. The major difference between connection-less and connection-oriented networks is:
  - a) You only need a destination address for connection-oriented networks
  - b) One treats individual messages as complete transactions while the other provides an on-going message-exchange connectivity
  - c) Connection-oriented networks are slower
  - d) There is no difference
- 2. Which protocol is not part of the TCP/IP suite?
  - a) UDP
  - b) ARP
  - c) IEEE 802.3
  - d) ICMP
- 3. The basic function of MS Active Directory is as a:
  - a) Database for storing settings, patches and policies
  - b) To provide IP address lookup services
  - c) As a file directory server
  - d) To provide users with directions
- 4. UDP and TCP differ because:
  - a) TCP is classed as a reliable transport protocol and UDP is not.
  - b) TCP is classed as a Transport Layer protocol and UDP is not.
  - c) They are the same protocol with different names
  - d) UDP is only used in UNIX environments
- 5. The fundamental markup language used to build a web sites is:
  - a) HTML
  - b) HTTP
  - c) Java
  - d) C++

- 6. The TRACERT command will:
  - a) Allow you to trace Ethernet cabling
  - b) Trace the path a message take across the Internet
  - c) Detects hackers attempting to attack a web site.
  - d) Measures voltage levels on cables.
- 7. NetBIOS is a:
  - a) Protocol
  - b) A Software API that provides applications with network services
  - c) The basic input/output function library
  - d) The lowest layer of the TCP/IP stack
- 8. One of the most common software vulnerabilities is:
  - a) Lack of input validity checking
  - b) Use of string move/copy commands
  - c) Lack of buffer bounds checking
  - d) All of the above
- 9. IPsec differs from SSL in that:
  - a) It supports better encryption
  - b) It is implemented at the Transport layer
  - c) Uses a Master/slave scheme
  - d) SSL requires applications to be modified
- 10. Public Key Encryption solves which basic problem:
  - a) The cost of digital certificates
  - b) Strong encryption algorithms
  - c) Secure distribution of keys on insecure channels
  - d) Weak keys
- 11. IP version 6 included which of the following new features?
  - a) Expanded IP addressing using 128 bits
  - b) Ability to specify high-priority traffic
  - c) Ability to have security functions like message encryption
  - d) All of the above

- 12. Hardening of a computer includes:
  - a)
  - b)
  - Eliminating guest accounts Opening all available ports Installing lots of applications All of the above
  - c) d)

## TS12 – Pre-Instructional Survey Answer Sheet

- 1. b 2. c
- 3. a
- 4. a 5. a
- J. (
- 6. b
- 7. b
- 8. d 9. d
- 9. u 10. c
- 11. d
- 12. a